

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund
Class A Shares*
Class C Shares*
Institutional Class Shares (Ticker Symbol: IPSAX)

**a series of the
WP Trust**

**PROSPECTUS
June 28, 2017**

This Prospectus relates to the IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund (the “Fund”). For questions or for Shareholder Services, please call (877) 244-6235.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

* Share class not presently offered for sale.

Table of Contents

	Page
SUMMARY	1
INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGIES, RISKS AND PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS	6
SIMILAR ACCOUNTS HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE	11
MANAGEMENT	12
ADMINISTRATION	13
INVESTING IN THE FUND	14
PURCHASING SHARES	15
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS	22
OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION	23

SUMMARY

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund (the “Fund”) is total return.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in certain funds in the WP Trust (“Trust”) with a similar sales charge. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the section “Purchasing Shares” beginning on page 15 of the Fund’s prospectus (“Prospectus”) and the section “Purchases” beginning on page 33 of the Fund’s SAI.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A Shares	Class C Shares	Institutional Class Shares
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	5.50%	None	None
Maximum Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of original purchase price or the amount redeemed, whichever is less)	1.00% ¹	1.00% ²	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A Shares	Class C Shares	Institutional Class Shares
Management Fees	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	None
Other Expenses	0.52%	0.52%	0.52%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.85%	2.60%	1.60%

¹ A Contingent Deferred Sales Charge is imposed upon certain redemptions of Class A shares. See the section of the prospectus entitled “CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares” for more information.

² A Contingent Deferred Sales Charge is imposed upon certain redemptions of Class C shares. See the section of the prospectus entitled “Class C Shares” for more information.

Example. The following Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

This expense example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The expense example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your cost would be:

Period Invested	1 Year	3 Years
Class A Shares	\$728	\$1,100
Class C Shares	\$366	\$808
Institutional Class Shares	\$163	\$505

You would pay the following expenses if you did not redeem your shares:

Period Invested	1 Year	3 Years
Class A Shares	\$728	\$1,100
Class C Shares	\$263	\$808
Institutional Class Shares	\$163	\$505

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year ended February 28, 2017, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy of the Fund. Under normal circumstances, the Fund’s primary strategy consists of selling and purchasing put and call options on equity indexes and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”). The sale of put options generates income for the Fund, but exposes it to the risk of declines in the value of the underlying assets. The risk in purchasing options is limited to the premium paid by the Fund for the options. The sale of call options generates income for the Fund, but may limit the Fund’s participation in equity market gains. The Fund’s investment adviser seeks to reduce the overall volatility of returns by managing a portfolio of options.

A put option gives the purchaser of the option, upon payment of a premium, the right to sell a specified quantity of an underlying asset at a fixed exercise price over a defined period of time. When the Fund sells a put option on an index and the index decreases in value, the purchaser of the put option has the right to exercise the option, obligating the Fund to make a cash payment equal to the difference between the option’s exercise price and the prevailing index value. When the Fund sells a put option on an ETF and the ETF decreases in value, the purchaser of the put option has the right to exercise the option, obligating the Fund to purchase the ETF at an exercise price that is higher than the prevailing market price. The Fund collects option premium income when it sells the put option. If the index or ETF increases in value, the purchaser of the put option is unlikely to exercise the option since the prevailing market price will be higher than the exercise price. Accordingly, the Fund gains income when the value of the underlying index or ETF from which the option is derived advances. The Fund’s investment adviser determines the Fund’s exposure to each put option by evaluating metrics associated with the valuation of options, including, but not limited to, volatility, time to expiration and the relationship of the exercise price to the market price of the index or ETF. The Fund’s investment adviser segregates on a daily basis cash, or other liquid assets, in an amount equal to the Fund’s net obligations under each put option.

The Fund buys and sells both put and call exchange-traded listed options to establish exposure to the overall market. The Fund does not intend to invest directly in equity securities or mutual funds (other than ETFs as described below). Options may also be used to protect the Fund’s investments against changes resulting from market conditions (a practice called “hedging”) or to generate income and gains. A call option gives the purchaser of the option, upon payment of a premium, the right to buy a specified quantity of an underlying asset at a fixed exercise price over a defined period of time. The Fund may purchase and sell put and call options to adjust the risk and return of its overall investment positions. When the Fund’s investment adviser believes the value of an underlying asset will decline, the Fund may purchase a put option to profit from the decline. Similarly, when the investment adviser anticipates an increase in the value of an underlying asset, the Fund may purchase a call option with respect to that asset.

All option positions held by the Fund are exchange-traded and collateralized with cash, cash equivalents (for example, Treasury Bills, money market fund shares, etc.), other listed options or debt rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical ratings organization (“NRSRO”) or an ETF that invests in such securities. The Fund intends to hold cash and cash equivalents to collateralize the option positions in the Fund, and not as a separate principal investment strategy. The Fund may take a defensive position when the Fund’s investment adviser believes that current market, economic, political or other conditions are unsuitable and would impair the pursuit of the Fund’s investment objectives. When taking a defensive position, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in cash, cash equivalents, including but not limited to, obligations of the U.S. Government, money market fund shares, commercial paper, certificates of deposit and/or bankers acceptances, as well as other interest bearing or discount obligations or debt instruments that carry an investment grade rating by a national rating agency. When the Fund takes a defensive position, the Fund may not achieve its investment objectives.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in futures contracts. Generally, the futures transactions will be utilized as a hedging instrument. A futures contract is a bilateral agreement to buy or sell a security (or deliver a cash settlement price, in the case of a contract relating to an index or otherwise not calling for physical delivery at the end of trading in the contracts) for a set price in the future. By using futures contracts as a risk management technique, given the greater liquidity in the futures market than in the cash market, it may be possible for the Fund’s investment adviser to accomplish certain results more quickly and with lower transaction costs. The Fund may also invest directly in ETFs that are based on broad-based securities market indices, such as the S&P 500® Index.

The Fund’s investment adviser reallocates the Fund’s investments continually to be commensurate with the risk profile that the adviser deems appropriate for the Fund. The Fund seeks to use leverage to modify portfolio risk to equal to, or be less than that of, the market in total. The Fund’s investments in the types of securities and other investments described in this prospectus vary from time to time, and, at any time, the Fund may not be invested in all of the types of securities and other investments described in this prospectus.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of some or all of the principal amount invested. There can be no assurance that the Fund will be successful in meeting its investment objective. Generally, the Fund will be subject to the following principal risks:

Non-Diversified Fund risk—The Fund is non-diversified which means that it can invest a greater percentage of its assets in a small group of issuers or any one issuer than a diversified fund can. A non-diversified fund is generally subject to the risk that a large loss in an individual holding will cause a greater loss for the fund than it would if the fund was required to hold a larger number of securities or smaller positions.

Options risk—Selling and purchasing put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks. The successful use of options depends in part on the ability of the Fund’s investment adviser to manage future price fluctuations and the degree of correlation between the options and securities (or currency) markets. By selling put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs, the Fund gives up the opportunity to benefit from potential increases in the value of the underlying securities above the strike prices of the sold call options, but continues to bear the risks of declines in the value of the markets, including the underlying indices for the puts as well, if different, as the securities that are held by the Fund. The premium received from the sold options may not be sufficient to offset any losses sustained from the volatility of the underlying equity securities over

time. The number of call options the Fund can sell is subject to limitations established by each of the exchanges, boards of trade or other trading facilities on which such options are traded.

Derivatives risk—The use of derivative instruments can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price. Losses may also occur because the value of the asset, index, rate or instrument underlying a derivative loses value, or due to failure of a counterparty or due to tax or regulatory constraints. Derivatives may create economic leverage in the Fund, which magnifies the Fund’s exposure to the underlying investment. The loss on derivative transactions may significantly exceed the initial investment.

The Fund may use futures contracts and put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs to pursue its investment objective of total return. There is no guarantee such strategies will work. If the Fund is not successful in employing such instruments in managing its portfolio, its performance will be worse than if it did not invest in such instruments. Successful use by the Fund of futures contracts and put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs will be subject to its ability to correctly predict movements in the direction of the securities generally or of a particular market segment. In addition, the Fund will pay commissions and other costs in connection with such investments, which may increase the Fund’s expenses and reduce the return. In utilizing certain derivatives, the Fund’s losses are potentially unlimited. Derivative instruments may also involve the risk that other parties to the derivative contract may fail to meet their obligations, which could cause losses.

While futures contracts are generally liquid instruments, under certain market conditions they may become illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to close out a position in a futures contract at a time that is advantageous. The price of futures can be highly volatile; using them could lower total return, and the potential loss from futures can exceed the Fund’s initial investment in such contracts. The Fund’s use of derivatives may magnify losses for the Fund.

Other Investment Company and ETF Securities risk—When the Fund invests in an ETF, the Fund indirectly will bear its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by the ETF. Therefore, the Fund will incur higher expenses, many of which may be duplicative. In addition, the Fund may be affected by losses of the ETFs and the level of risk arising from the investment practices of the ETFs. The Fund has no control over the investments and related risks taken by the ETFs in which it invests. In addition to risks generally associated with investments in investment company securities, ETFs are subject to the following risks that do not apply to traditional mutual funds: (i) an ETF’s shares may trade at a market price that is above or below their net asset value; (ii) an active trading market for an ETF’s shares may not develop or be maintained; or (iii) trading of an ETF’s shares may be halted if the listing exchange’s officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange or the activation of market-wide “circuit breakers” (which are tied to large decreases in stock prices) halts stock trading generally.

Market risk—Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fund’s or an ETF’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets, including fluctuation in interest rates, national and international economic conditions and general equity market conditions.

Management Style risk—Investment strategies employed by the Fund’s investment adviser in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.

Interest Rate risk—Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company’s future earnings stream. Accordingly, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates.

Issuer risk—The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile and thus perform differently than the market as a whole.

Active Trading risk—The Fund may engage in frequent trading in its options and futures strategy. Increased portfolio turnover may increase short-term capital gains taxes and increase trading costs for the Fund. These increased expenses may have a negative effect on the Fund's performance.

Leverage risk—The Fund may use financial instruments or borrowed capital (margin) to enhance potential returns. Leverage may enhance potential losses in positions taken by the Fund.

General Fund Investing risk—The Fund is not a complete investment program and you may lose money by investing in the Fund. All investments carry a certain amount of risk and there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to achieve its investment objective.

Performance. The Fund is new and therefore does not have performance history for a full calendar year. Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's returns and comparing the Fund's performance to a broad measure of market performance. Performance data current to the most recent month end may be obtained by calling (877) 244-6235.

Management. IPS Strategic Capital, Inc. (the "Adviser") is the Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Manager.

- Dominick Paoloni, CIMA, Chief Investment Officer and Founder of the Adviser, has managed the Fund since April 2016.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. The minimum initial investment for each class of shares of the Fund is generally \$5,000 and the minimum subsequent investment is \$200 (\$25 under an automatic investment plan). The Adviser can waive the minimum initial investment requirement. You can purchase or redeem shares directly from the Fund on any business day the New York Stock Exchange is open directly by calling the Fund at (877) 244-6235, where you may also obtain more information about purchasing or redeeming shares by mail, facsimile or bank wire. The Fund has also authorized certain broker-dealers to accept purchase and redemption orders on its behalf. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a broker-dealer should contact their broker-dealer directly.

Tax Information. The Fund's distributions will generally be taxed to you as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. Distributions on investments made through tax deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or IRAs may be taxed later upon a withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGIES, RISKS AND PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Investment Objectives and Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, the Fund's primary strategy consists of selling and purchasing put and call options on equity indexes and exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"). The sale of put options generates income for the Fund, but exposes it to the risk of declines in the value of the underlying assets. The risk in purchasing options is limited to the premium paid by the Fund for the options. The sale of call options generates income for the Fund, but may limit the Fund's participation in equity market gains. The Adviser seeks to reduce the overall volatility of returns by managing a portfolio of options.

A put option gives the purchaser of the option, upon payment of a premium, the right to sell a specified quantity of an underlying asset at a fixed exercise price over a defined period of time. When the Fund sells a put option on an index and the index decreases in value, the purchaser of the put option has the right to exercise the option, obligating the Fund to make a cash payment equal to the difference between the option's exercise price and the prevailing index value. When the Fund sells a put option on an ETF and the ETF decreases in value, the purchaser of the put option has the right to exercise the option, obligating the Fund to purchase the ETF at an exercise price that is higher than the prevailing market price. The Fund collects option premium income when it sells the put option. If the index or ETF increases in value, the purchaser of the put option is unlikely to exercise the option since the prevailing market price will be higher than the exercise price. Accordingly, the Fund gains income when the value of the underlying index or ETF from which the option is derived advances. The Adviser determines the Fund's exposure to each put option by evaluating metrics associated with the valuation of options, including, but not limited to, volatility, time to expiration and the relationship of the exercise price to the market price of the index or ETF. The Adviser segregates on a daily basis cash, or other liquid assets, in an amount equal to the Fund's net obligations under each put option.

The Fund buys and sells both put and call exchange-traded listed options to establish exposure to the overall market. The Fund does not intend to invest directly in equity securities or mutual funds (other than ETFs as described below). Options may also be used to protect the Fund's investments against changes resulting from market conditions (a practice called "hedging") or to generate income and gains. A call option gives the purchaser of the option, upon payment of a premium, the right to buy a specified quantity of an underlying asset at a fixed exercise price over a defined period of time. The Fund may purchase and sell put and call options to adjust the risk and return of its overall investment positions. When the Adviser believes the value of an underlying asset will decline, the Fund may purchase a put option to profit from the decline. Similarly, when the Adviser anticipates an increase in the value of an underlying asset, the Fund may purchase a call option with respect to that asset.

All option positions held by the Fund are exchange-traded and collateralized with cash, cash equivalents (for example, Treasury Bills, money market fund shares, etc.), other listed options or debt rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical ratings organization ("NRSRO") or an ETF that invests in such securities. The Fund intends to hold cash and cash equivalents to collateralize the option positions in the Fund, and not as a separate principal investment strategy. The Fund may take a defensive position when the Adviser believes that current market, economic, political or other conditions are unsuitable and would impair the pursuit of the Fund's investment objectives. When taking a defensive position, the Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in cash, cash equivalents, including but not limited to, obligations of the U.S. Government, money market fund shares, commercial paper, certificates of deposit and/or bankers acceptances, as well as other interest bearing or discount obligations or debt instruments that carry an investment grade rating by a national rating agency. When the Fund takes a defensive position, the Fund may not achieve its investment objectives.

The Fund may, from time to time, invest in futures contracts. Generally, the futures transactions will be utilized as a hedging instrument. A futures contract is a bilateral agreement to buy or sell a security (or deliver a cash settlement price, in the case of a contract relating to an index or otherwise not calling for physical delivery at the end of trading in the contracts) for a set price in the future. By using futures contracts as a risk management technique, given the greater liquidity in the futures market than in the cash market, it may be possible for the Adviser to accomplish certain results more quickly and with lower transaction costs. The Fund may also invest directly in ETFs that are based on broad based securities market indices, such as the S&P 500® Index.

The Adviser reallocates the Fund's investments continually to be commensurate with the risk profile that the Adviser deems appropriate for the Fund. The Fund seeks to use leverage to modify portfolio risk to equal to, or be less than that of, the market in total. The Fund's investments in the types of securities and other investments described in this prospectus vary from time to time, and, at any time, the Fund may not be invested in all of the types of securities and other investments described in this prospectus.

Temporary Defensive Positions. The Fund may, from time to time, take temporary defensive positions that are inconsistent with the Fund's principal investment strategies in an attempt to respond to adverse market, economic, political or other conditions. During such an unusual set of circumstances, the Fund may hold up to 100% of its portfolio in cash or cash equivalent positions. When the Fund takes a temporary defensive position, the Fund may not be able to achieve its investment objective.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund. All investments carry risks, and investment in the Fund is no exception. No investment strategy works all the time, and past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. You may lose money on your investment in the Fund. To help you understand the risks of investing in the Fund, the principal risks of an investment in the Fund are generally set forth below:

Non-Diversified Fund risk—The Fund is a non-diversified fund. In general, a non-diversified fund may invest a greater percentage of its assets in a particular issue and may own fewer securities than other mutual funds. Accordingly, a non-diversified fund is generally subject to the risk that a large loss in an individual issue will cause a greater loss for the fund than it would if the fund was required to hold a larger number of securities or smaller positions.

Options risk—Selling and purchasing put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks. The successful use of options depends in part on the ability of the Adviser to manage future price fluctuations and the degree of correlation between the options and securities (or currency) markets. By selling put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs, the Fund gives up the opportunity to benefit from potential increases in the value of the underlying securities above the strike prices of the sold call options, but continues to bear the risks of declines in the value of the markets, including the underlying indices for the puts as well, if different, as the securities that are held by the Fund. The premium received from the sold options may not be sufficient to offset any losses sustained from the volatility of the underlying equity securities over time.

As the seller of a call option, the Fund gives up, during the option's life, the opportunity to profit from increases in the market value of the security covering the call option above the sum of the option premium received and the exercise price of the call, but has retained the risk of loss, minus, the option premium received, should the price of the underlying security decline. The seller of an option has no control over when during the exercise period of the option it may be required to fulfill its obligation as a seller of the option. Once an option seller receives an exercise notice, it cannot effect a closing purchase transaction in order to terminate its obligation under the option and must deliver the underlying security at the exercise

price. So, the use of options may require the Fund to sell portfolio securities at inopportune times or for prices other than current market values, may limit the amount of appreciation the Fund can realize on an investment, or may cause the Fund to hold a security that it might otherwise sell.

The value of options may also be adversely affected if the market for such options becomes less liquid or smaller. There are no assurances that the market will be liquid when the Fund seeks to close out an option position either, in the case of a call option sold, by buying the option, or, in the case of a purchased put option, by selling the option. There are several possible reasons for the absence of a liquid secondary market on an exchange, including but not limited to, the following: insufficient trading interest in certain options; restrictions on opening or closing transactions, or both, which are imposed by the exchange; trading halts, suspensions or other restrictions imposed on a particular class or series of options; unusual or unforeseen circumstances which may interrupt an exchange's normal operations; inadequate exchange facilities or inability of the Options Clearing Corporation (the "OCC") to handle current trading volume; and/or the decision of an exchange to discontinue trading options or a specific class or series of options at some future date, whether for economic or other reasons. If trading were discontinued, the secondary market on that exchange (or in that class or series of options) would cease to exist. However, outstanding options on that exchange issued as a result of trades on that exchange would continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms. The Fund's ability to terminate over-the-counter options will be more limited than with exchange traded options and could involve the risk that broker-dealers participating in such transactions will not fulfill their obligations.

Additionally, the hours of trading for options may not conform to the hours during which the underlying securities are traded. To the extent that the options markets close before the markets for the underlying securities, substantial price and rate movement may take place in the underlying markets that would not be reflected concurrently in the options markets. Call options are marked to market daily and their value will be affected by changes in the value of and dividend rates of the underlying common stocks, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual or perceived volatility of the stock market and the underlying common stocks and the remaining time to the options' expiration. Further, the exercise price of an option may be adjusted downward before the option's expiration as a result of the occurrence of certain corporate events affecting the underlying equity security, such as extraordinary dividends, stock splits, merger or other extraordinary distributions or events. A reduction in the exercise price of an option would reduce the Fund's capital appreciation potential on the underlying security.

If the Fund purchases put options for hedging risk or management purposes, the Fund will be subject to additional risks. For example, a put option acquired by the Fund and not sold prior to expiration will expire worthless if the price of the stock or index at expiration exceeds the exercise price of the option, thus causing the Fund to lose its investment in the option. If restrictions on exercise were imposed, the Fund might be unable to exercise an option it purchased. If the Fund were unable to close out an option that it had purchased, it would have to exercise the option in order to realize any profit or the option may expire worthless. Stock market indices on which the Fund may purchase options positions may not mirror the Fund's actual portfolio holdings. The effectiveness of index put options as hedges against declines in the Fund's stock portfolio will be limited to the extent that the performance of the underlying index does not correlate with that of the Fund's holdings.

The number of call options the Fund can sell is limited by the number of shares of common stock the Fund holds, and further limited by the fact that the listed call options on individual common stocks generally trade in units representing 100 shares of the underlying stock. Furthermore, the Fund's options transactions will be subject to limitations established by each of the exchanges, boards of trade or other trading facilities on which such options are traded. Such limitations govern the maximum number of options in each class which may be sold or purchased by a single investor or group of investors acting in concert, regardless of whether the options are sold or purchased on the same or different exchanges, boards of trade or other

trading facilities or are held or sold in one or more accounts or through one or more brokers. So, the number of options which the Fund may sell or purchase may be affected by options sold or purchased by other investment advisory clients of the Adviser. An exchange, board of trade or other trading facility may order the liquidation of positions found to be in excess of these limits, and may impose certain other sanctions.

Derivatives risk—The use of derivative instruments can lead to losses because of adverse movements in the price. Losses may also occur because the value of the asset, index, rate or instrument underlying a derivative loses value, or due to failure of a counterparty or due to tax or regulatory constraints. Derivatives may create economic leverage in the Fund, which magnifies the Fund’s exposure to the underlying investment. The loss on derivative transactions may significantly exceed the initial investment.

The Fund may use futures contracts and put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs to pursue its investment objective of total return. There is no guarantee such strategies will work. If the Fund is not successful in employing such instruments in managing its portfolio, its performance will be worse than if it did not invest in such instruments. Successful use by the Fund of futures contracts and put and call options on equity indexes and ETFs will be subject to its ability to correctly predict movements in the direction of the securities generally or of a particular market segment. In addition, the Fund will pay commissions and other costs in connection with such investments, which may increase the Fund’s expenses and reduce the return. In utilizing certain derivatives, the Fund’s losses are potentially unlimited.

Derivative instruments may also involve the risk that other parties to the derivative contract may fail to meet their obligations, which could cause losses. While futures contracts are generally liquid instruments, under certain market conditions they may become illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to close out a position in a futures contract at a time that is advantageous. The price of futures can be highly volatile; using them could lower total return, and the potential loss from futures can exceed the Fund’s initial investment in such contracts. The Fund’s use of derivatives may magnify losses for the Fund.

Other Investment Company and ETF Securities risk—When the Fund invests in an ETF, the Fund indirectly will bear its proportionate share of any fees and expenses payable directly by the ETF. Therefore, the Fund will incur higher expenses, many of which may be duplicative. In addition, the Fund may be affected by losses of the ETFs and the level of risk arising from the investment practices of the ETFs. The Fund has no control over the investments and related risks taken by the ETFs in which it invests. In addition to risks generally associated with investments in investment company securities, ETFs are subject to the following risks that do not apply to traditional mutual funds: (i) an ETF’s shares may trade at a market price that is above or below their net asset value; (ii) an active trading market for an ETF’s shares may not develop or be maintained; or (iii) trading of an ETF’s shares may be halted if the listing exchange’s officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange or the activation of market-wide “circuit breakers” (which are tied to large decreases in stock prices) halts stock trading generally.

Market risk—Stock prices are volatile. Market risk refers to the risk that the value of securities in the Fund’s portfolio may decline due to daily fluctuations in the securities markets generally. The Fund’s performance per share will change daily based on many factors that may generally affect the stock market, including fluctuation in interest rates, national and international economic conditions and general equity market conditions. In a declining stock market, stock prices for all companies (including those in the Fund’s portfolio) may decline, regardless of their long-term prospects.

Management Style risk—Investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.

Interest Rate risk—Increases in interest rates typically lower the present value of a company’s future earnings stream. Since the market price of a stock changes continuously based upon investors’ collective perceptions of future earnings, stock prices will generally decline when investors anticipate or experience rising interest rates. The level of premiums from call options selling and the amounts available for distribution from the Fund’s options activity may decrease in declining interest rate environments. Any preferred stocks paying fixed dividend rates in which the Fund invests will likely change in value as market interest rates move. When interest rates rise, the market value of such securities generally falls. If the Fund invests in preferred stocks, the net asset value and price of the common stock may decline if market interest rates rise. During periods of declining interest rates, an issuer of preferred stock may exercise its option to redeem securities prior to maturity, forcing the Fund to reinvest in lower yielding securities.

Issuer risk—The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. When the Fund sells shares they may be worth more or less than what the Fund paid for them, which means that the Fund could lose money and the value of your investment in the Fund could decrease.

Active Trading risk—The Fund may, from time to time, have a high portfolio turnover when the Adviser’s implementation of the Fund’s investment strategy or a temporary defensive position results in frequent trading. Additionally, the Fund may experience high portfolio turnover due to the Fund’s options strategy. Since the Fund’s trades cost the Fund a brokerage commission, high portfolio turnover may have a significant adverse impact on the Fund’s performance. In addition, because sales of securities in the Fund’s portfolio may result in taxable gain or loss, high portfolio turnover may result in significant tax consequences for shareholders.

Leverage risk—The Fund may use financial instruments or borrowed capital (margin) to enhance potential returns. Leverage may enhance potential losses in positions taken by the Fund.

General Fund Investing risk—The Fund is not a complete investment program and you may lose money by investing in the Fund. All investments carry a certain amount of risk and there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to achieve its investment objective. Annual Fund operating expenses expressed as a percentage of the Fund’s average daily net assets may change as Fund assets increase and decrease, and Annual Fund operating expenses may differ in the future. Purchase and redemption activities by Fund shareholders may impact the management of the Fund and its ability to achieve its investment objective. Also, the redemption by one or more large shareholders or groups of shareholders of their holdings in the Fund could have an adverse impact on the remaining shareholders in the Fund. Investors in the Fund should have a long-term investment perspective and should be able to tolerate potentially sharp declines in value. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit in a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency, entity or individual. Mutual funds, investment advisers, other market participants and many securities markets are subject to rules and regulations and the jurisdiction of one or more regulators. Changes to applicable rules and regulations could have an adverse impact on securities markets and market participants, as well as on the Fund’s ability to execute its investment strategy.

“Portfolio Turnover” is a ratio that indicates how often the securities in a mutual fund’s portfolio change during a year’s time. In general, higher numbers indicate a greater number of changes, and lower numbers indicate a smaller number of changes.

General Information Regarding Investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund should not be considered a complete investment program. Your investment needs will depend largely on your financial resources and individual investment goals and objectives, and you should consult with your financial professional before making an investment in the Fund.

Additional Information. The Fund is being operated by an investment adviser that has claimed an exemption from registration with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission as a commodity pool operator under the Commodity Exchange Act (the “CEA”), and therefore the investment adviser is not subject to registration or regulation as a commodity pool operator under the CEA. This claim of exemption from registration as a commodity pool operator is pursuant to Rule 4.5 promulgated under the CEA. Specifically, in accordance with the requirements of Rule 4.5(b)(1), the Fund will limit its use of commodity futures contracts and commodity options contracts to no more than (i) five percent (5%) of the Fund’s liquidation value being committed as aggregate initial premium or margin for such contracts or (ii) one hundred percent (100%) of the Fund’s liquidation value in aggregate net notional value of commodity futures, commodity options and swaps positions.

SIMILAR ACCOUNTS HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

The Adviser began managing fee paying accounts using its Absolute Return strategy on January 31, 2011. The performance table below provides a summary of the performance of all accounts (the “Accounts”) managed by the Adviser with substantially similar investment objectives, policies, strategies and risks to those of the Fund for the 1-year, 3-year and since inception periods ended December 31, 2016, and compares the Accounts’ performance during those periods against a broad-based securities market index and the CBOE S&P 500 PutWrite Index. As of February 28, 2017, there were 369 Accounts with approximately \$56,446,102 million in total assets. There are no material differences between the investment objectives, policies and strategies of the Accounts and those of the Fund. Dominick Paoloni, President of the Adviser, who is the Portfolio Manager of the Fund’s portfolio, has been primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Accounts throughout the entire period presented.

The performance of the Accounts does not represent the historical performance of the Fund and should not be considered a substitute for the Fund’s performance or indicative of past or future performance of the Fund. Results may differ because of, among other things, differences in brokerage commissions, account expenses (including management fees), the size of positions taken in relation to account size and diversification of securities, timing of purchases and sales, and availability of cash for new investments. In addition, the Accounts are not subject to certain investment limitations or other restrictions imposed by the 1940 Act and the Internal Revenue Code which, if applicable, may have adversely affected the performance results of the Accounts. The results for different periods may vary.

The performance data provided below for the Accounts was calculated by the Adviser. The Accounts’ rate of return includes realized and unrealized gains plus income (including accrued income). The Accounts are valued monthly and periodic returns are geometrically linked, which is a method of compounding separately calculated returns. The performance is net of a 1% annual management fee; however, Accounts that elect to invest in the Absolute Return strategy through the Fund are not charged the 1% annual management fee but are charged the Fund’s management fee. The average annual total returns provided below represent net returns of clients invested in the Absolute Return strategy, accounting for the 1% annual management fee. Please note that all performance in 2011 represents one non-fee paying account comprised of the Adviser’s capital. The performance is net of all brokerage commissions, other fees and expenses. The total operating expenses for the Accounts was higher than the Fund’s total annual operating expenses. Therefore, the Accounts’ performance would have been lower if the performance had been calculated using the Fund’s total operating expenses. Results include the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains.

Average Annual Total Returns

(For periods ended December 31, 2016)

	1 Year	3 Years	Since Inception (January 31, 2011)
Similar Accounts ¹	-2.11%	4.21%	11.39%
S&P 500 Index ²	9.54%	6.60%	9.82%
CBOE S&P 500 PutWrite Index ³	7.77%	6.85%	7.74%

1. The performance of the Accounts, which is unaudited, has been computed by the Adviser in accordance with Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®). The performance was calculated in a manner different from the standardized methodology promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the 1940 Act and used by mutual funds to calculate performance and results in performance data different from that derived from the standardized methodology. Returns include reinvestment of all dividends and interest, other income, realized and unrealized gains or losses and are net of all brokerage commissions, execution costs and without provision for federal or state income taxes. Securities transactions are accounted for on trade date, with dividends and other earnings accounted for on a cash basis. Cash and cash equivalents are included in performance returns. Unlike the standard methodology promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, monthly returns combine each individual account's return (calculated on a time-weighted rate of return basis that is revalued daily) by asset-weighting each account's asset value as of the beginning of each month, and annual returns are calculated by geometrically linking the monthly returns.
2. The S&P 500 Index is an index of 500 widely held common stocks that measures the general performance of the market. The performance shown in the table represents the price change of this index without dividends.
3. The CBOE S&P 500 PutWrite Index is a benchmark index that measures the performance of a hypothetical portfolio that sells S&P 500 Index (SPX) put options against collateralized cash reserves held in a money market account.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser. IPS Strategic Capital, Inc., a Colorado corporation, serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. The Adviser's principal office is located at 215 S. Wadsworth Blvd., Suite 540, Denver, CO 80226. The Adviser is a registered investment adviser which offers investment advisory services to individuals including high net worth individuals and investment companies. As of February 28, 2017, the Adviser managed approximately \$64.4 million in client assets on a discretionary basis and approximately \$15.9 million on a non-discretionary basis.

The Adviser has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") with the WP Trust (the "Trust"), under which the Adviser selects the securities and manages the investments for the Fund, subject to the oversight of the Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board"). Under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund pays the Adviser a monthly fee based on an annualized rate of the average daily net asset value of the Fund as indicated in the fee table above.

For the fiscal period ended February 28, 2017, the Adviser received an aggregate fee of 1.00% for investment advisory services, expressed as a percentage of average net assets of the Fund. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board to approve the Advisory Agreement of the Fund is available in the Fund's semi-annual shareholder report for the reporting period ended August 31, 2016.

In addition to the advisory fees described above, the Adviser may also receive certain benefits from its management of the Fund in the form of brokerage or research services received from brokers under arrangements under Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the terms of the Advisory Agreement. For a description of these potential benefits, see the description under "Portfolio Transactions And Brokerage Allocation -- Brokerage Selection" in the SAI.

Portfolio Manager. Mr. Dominick Paoloni has served as the Founder and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser since 1993. Mr. Paoloni earned his undergraduate degree from the University of Colorado, Boulder. He has completed the College for Financial Planning's CFP® certification program, and received his Certified Investment Management Analyst (CIMA®) degree through the Wharton School of Business.

The SAI provides additional information about the compensation of Mr. Paoloni, other accounts managed and his ownership of securities in the Fund.

Board of Trustees. The Fund is a series of the Trust, an open-end management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust on June 4, 2015. The Board supervises the operations of the Fund according to applicable state and federal law and is responsible for the overall management of the Fund's business affairs.

ADMINISTRATION

Custodian. Fifth Third Bank (the "Custodian") serves as the custodian of the Fund's securities.

Fund Administration and Distribution. M3Sixty Administration, LLC ("M3Sixty") serves as the Fund's administrator providing the Fund with administrative, accounting and compliance services. In addition, M3Sixty serves as the transfer agent and dividend-disbursing agent of the Fund. As indicated below under the caption "Investing in the Fund," M3Sixty will handle your orders to purchase and redeem shares of the Fund, and will disburse dividends paid by the Fund. M3Sixty is owned by the same holding company as owns the Distributor (defined below).

Distribution of Shares. Effective March 3, 2017, Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor") serves as the Fund's principal underwriter. The Distributor may sell the Fund's Shares to or through qualified securities dealers or other approved entities. Prior to March 3, 2017, Matrix Capital Group, Inc. served as the Fund's principal underwriter.

Certain Expenses. In addition to the investment advisory fees, the Fund pays all expenses not assumed by the Adviser, including, without limitation, the fees and expenses of its independent accountants and of its legal counsel; the costs of printing and mailing to shareholders annual and semi-annual reports, proxy statements, prospectuses, statements of additional information and supplements thereto; the costs of printing registration statements; bank transaction charges and custodian's fees; any proxy solicitors' fees and expenses; filing fees; any federal, state or local income or other taxes; any interest; any membership fees of the Investment Company Institute and similar organizations; fidelity bond and Board's liability insurance premiums; and any extraordinary expenses, such as indemnification payments or damages awarded in litigation or settlements made.

INVESTING IN THE FUND

Minimum Initial Investment. The Fund's shares are sold and redeemed at net asset value. Shares may be purchased by any account managed by the Adviser and any other institutional investor or any broker-dealer authorized to sell Shares in the Fund. The minimum initial investment for each class of shares of the Fund is generally \$5,000 and the minimum subsequent investment is \$200 (\$25 under an automatic investment plan). The Adviser can waive the minimum initial investment requirement. The Fund may, at the Adviser's sole discretion, accept accounts with less than the minimum investment.

Determining the Fund's Net Asset Value. The price at which you purchase or redeem Shares is based on the next calculation of net asset value after an order is accepted in good form. An order is considered to be in good form if it includes a complete application and payment in full of the purchase amount. The Fund's net asset value per share is calculated by dividing the value of the Fund's total assets, less liabilities (including Fund expenses, which are accrued daily), by the total number of outstanding Shares of the Fund. The net asset value per Share of the Fund is normally determined at the time regular trading closes on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), currently 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, Monday through Friday, except when the NYSE closes earlier. The Fund does not calculate net asset value on business holidays when the NYSE is closed. Fund securities primarily traded on foreign markets may trade on days that are not business days of the Fund. Because the net asset value of Fund shares is determined only on business days of the Fund, the value of the portfolio securities of the fund that invests in foreign securities may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or redeem shares of the Fund.

The valuation of portfolio securities is determined in accordance with procedures established by, and under the direction of, the Board. In determining the value of the Fund's total assets, portfolio securities are generally calculated at market value by quotations from the primary market in which they are traded. Instruments with maturities of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost which approximates market value. The Fund normally uses pricing services to obtain market quotations. Securities and assets for which representative market quotations are not readily available or that cannot be accurately valued using the Fund's normal pricing procedures are valued at fair value as determined in good faith under policies approved by the Board. Fair value pricing may be used, for example, in situations where (i) a portfolio security, such as a small-cap stock, is so thinly traded that there have been no transactions for that stock over an extended period of time or the validity of a market quotation received is questionable; (ii) the exchange on which the portfolio security is principally traded closes early; (iii) trading of the particular portfolio security is halted; (iv) the security is a restricted security not registered under federal securities laws purchased through a private placement not eligible for resale; or (v) the security is purchased on a foreign exchange.

Pursuant to policies adopted by the Board, the Adviser is responsible for notifying the Board (or the Trust's Fair Value Committee ("Fair Value Committee")) when it believes that fair value pricing is required for a particular security. The Fund's policies regarding fair value pricing are intended to result in a calculation of the Fund's net asset value that fairly reflects portfolio security values as of the time of pricing. A portfolio security's fair value price may differ from the price next available for that portfolio security using the Fund's normal pricing procedure, and may differ substantially from the price at which the portfolio security may ultimately be traded or sold. If such fair value price differs from the price that would have been determined using the Fund's normal pricing procedures, a shareholder may receive more or less proceeds or shares from redemptions or purchases of Fund shares, respectively, than a shareholder would have otherwise received if the portfolio security was priced using the Fund's normal pricing procedures. The performance of the Fund may also be affected if a portfolio security's fair value price were to differ from the security's price using the Fund's normal pricing procedures. The Board monitors and evaluate the Fund's use of fair value pricing.

Other Matters. Purchases and redemptions of Shares by the same shareholder on the same day will be netted for the Fund.

PURCHASING SHARES

Opening a New Account. To open an account with the Fund, take the following steps:

1. Complete an Account Application. Be sure to indicate the type of account you wish to open and the amount of money you wish to invest. The application must contain your name, date of birth, address and Social Security Number (“SSN”) or Taxpayer Identification Number (“TIN”). If you have applied for a SSN or TIN prior to completing your account application but you have not received your number, please indicate this on the application and include a copy of the form applying for the SSN or TIN. Taxes are not withheld from distributions to U.S. investors if certain IRS requirements regarding the SSN or TIN are met.

2. Write a check or prepare a money order from a U.S. financial institution and payable in U.S. dollars. For regular mail orders, mail your completed application along with your check or money order made payable to the Fund to:

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund
c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC
4520 Main Street
Suite 1425
Kansas City, Missouri 64111

If checks are returned due to insufficient funds or other reasons, the purchase order will not be accepted. The Fund will charge the prospective investor a \$20 fee for cancelled checks and may redeem Shares of the Fund already owned by the prospective investor or another identically registered account for such fee. The prospective investor will also be responsible for any losses or expenses incurred by the Fund or the Administrator in connection with any cancelled check.

Bank Wire Purchases. Purchases may also be made through bank wire orders. To establish a new account or add to an existing account by wire, please call (877) 244-6235 for instructions.

Additional Investments. You may add to your account by mail or wire at any time by purchasing Shares at the then current public offering price. The minimum additional investment is \$200, except under the automatic investment plan discussed below. Before adding funds by bank wire, please call (877) 244-6235 and follow the above directions for bank wire purchases. Please note that in most circumstances, there will be a bank charge for wire purchases. Mail orders should include, if possible, the “Invest by Mail” stub that is attached to your confirmation statement. Otherwise, please identify your account in a letter accompanying your purchase payment. The Fund may, at the Adviser’s sole discretion, accept additional investments for less than the minimum additional investment.

Automatic Investment Plan. Shareholders who have met the Fund’s minimum investment criteria may participate in the fund’s automatic investment plan. The automatic investment plan enables shareholders to make regular monthly or quarterly investments in Institutional Class shares through automatic charges to shareholders’ checking account. With shareholder authorization and bank approval, the Fund will automatically charge the shareholder’s checking account for the amount specified (\$25 minimum for each class of shares of the Fund), which will automatically be invested in his or her account, at the public offering price on or about the 21st day of the month. The shareholder may change the amount of the investment or discontinue the plan at any time by notifying the Fund in writing.

Important Information about Procedures for Opening a New Account. Under the Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 (USA Patriot Act of 2001), the Fund is required to obtain, verify, and record information to enable the Fund to form a reasonable belief as to the identity of each customer who opens an account. Consequently, when an investor opens an account, the Fund will ask for, among other things, the investor's name, street address, date of birth (for an individual), social security or other tax identification number (or proof that the investor has filed for such a number), and other information that will allow the Fund to identify the investor. The Fund may also ask to see the investor's driver's license or other identifying documents. An investor's account application will not be considered "complete" and, therefore, an account will not be opened and the investor's money will not be invested until the Fund receives this required information. In addition, if after opening the investor's account, the Fund is unable to verify the investor's identity after reasonable efforts, as determined by the Fund in its sole discretion, the Fund may (i) restrict redemptions and further investments until the investor's identity is verified; and (ii) close the investor's account without notice and return the investor's redemption proceeds to the investor. If the Fund closes an investor's account because the Fund was unable to verify the investor's identity, the Fund will value the account in accordance with the Fund's next net asset value calculated after the investor's account is closed. In that case, the investor's redemption proceeds may be worth more or less than the investor's original investment. The Fund will not be responsible for any losses incurred due to the Fund's inability to verify the identity of any investor opening an account.

Other Information. In connection with all purchases of Fund Shares, we observe the following policies and procedures:

- We price direct purchases based on the next public offering price (net asset value) computed after your order is received. Direct purchase orders received by M3Sixty as the Fund's transfer agent by the close of the regular session of the NYSE (generally 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) are confirmed at that day's public offering price. Purchase orders received by dealers prior to the close of the regular session of the NYSE on any business day and transmitted to M3Sixty on that day are confirmed at the public offering price determined as of the close of the regular session of trading on the NYSE on that day.
- We do not accept third party checks for any investments.
- We may open accounts for less than the minimum investment or change minimum investment requirements at any time.
- We may refuse to accept any purchase request for any reason or no reason.
- We mail you confirmations of all your purchases or redemptions of Fund Shares.
- Certificates representing Shares are not issued.

Choosing a Share Class. The Fund offers three classes of shares (Class A shares, Class C shares and Institutional Class shares). When offered, Class A shares and Class C shares will be available for purchase by all investors. Institutional Class shares are available only to institutional investors and certain broker dealers and financial institutions that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Fund. Each class represents interests in the same portfolio of investments and has the same rights, but the classes differ with respect to sales loads and ongoing expenses. The decision as to whether Class A or Class C shares are more beneficial to you generally depends on your purchase amount, the length of time you expect to hold your investment and the sales charges and total operating expenses associated with each class.

Class A shares generally have an initial sales load, but are subject to lower ongoing expenses than Class C shares. Class C shares are sold without any initial sales load so the entire purchase price is immediately invested in the Fund, but Class C shares are subject to higher ongoing expenses than Class A shares. Since the entire amount of the purchase price of Class C shares is immediately invested in the Fund, any

investment return on Class C shares may partially or wholly offset the higher annual expenses of Class C shares over the short term. However, there can be no assurance that this would be the case, since the Fund's future returns cannot be predicted. In addition, you should consider the effect of the Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (the "CDSC") applicable to Class C shares and certain redemptions of Class A shares, depending on the length of time you expect to hold your investment in the Fund.

Each investor's considerations are different. You should speak with your financial representative or broker-dealer to help you decide which class of shares is best for you. Set forth below is a brief description of each class of shares offered by the Fund.

Class A Shares. Class A shares are sold at net asset value plus an initial sales load. The sales load is deducted from the amount you invest. The sales load for Class A shares is reduced for purchases of \$50,000 or more, as shown in the chart below.

Amount of Investment	Sales load as a % of:		Dealer Reallowance as % of Public Offering Price*
	Public Offering Price*	Net Amount Invested	
Less than \$50,000	5.50%	4.71%	4.50%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	4.50%	3.63%	3.50%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	3.50%	3.09%	3.00%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	2.50%	2.04%	2.00%
\$500,000 but less than \$1 million	2.00%	1.01%	1.00%
\$1 million or more	0.00%**	0.00%**	See below

* "Public Offering Price" is the net asset value at the time of purchase plus the front-end sales load. In general, the broker-dealer reallowance on sales of Class A shares will equal the amount of the Sales Load as a % of Public Offering Price described in this table.

** No sales load is paid at the time of purchase for investments of \$1 million or more. A CDSC of 1.00% may be imposed on such investments in the event of redemption within 12 months of purchase.

Class A shares are also subject to an annual 12b-1 fee of up to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Class A shares.

Broker-Dealer Reallowances and Commissions. The broker-dealer reallowance for purchases of Class A shares under \$1 million is described in the chart above. For initial purchases of Class A shares of the Fund of \$1 million or more, a broker-dealer's commission (equal to 1.00% of such purchases over \$1 million) may be paid by the Adviser to participating unaffiliated broker-dealers through whom such purchases are effected. No commission will be paid if the purchase represents the reinvestment of a redemption from the Fund made during the previous twelve months. Redemptions of Class A shares may result in the imposition of a CDSC if the broker-dealer's commission described in this paragraph was paid in connection with the purchase of such shares. See "CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A shares" below.

Under certain circumstances, the Distributor may increase or decrease the reallowance to broker-dealers. The Distributor receives that portion of the initial sales load which is not reallowed to the brokers who sell shares of the Fund. The Distributor retains the entire sales load on all direct initial investments in the Fund and on all investments in accounts with no designated dealer of record.

Reduced Sales Loads. Front-end sales loads on purchases of Class A shares may be reduced under the “Right of Accumulation” or under a “Letter of Intent.” To receive a reduced sales load, you must inform your broker-dealer or the Fund at the time you purchase shares that you qualify for such a reduction. If you do not let your broker-dealer or the Fund know you are eligible for a reduced sales charge, you may not receive the discount to which you are otherwise entitled.

You may use the “Right of Accumulation” to reduce your sales load. Under the “Right of Accumulation,” you may combine the current net asset value of your existing Class A shares of the Fund with the amount of any current purchases in the Fund in order to take advantage of the reduced sales loads in the table above.

Purchases made pursuant to a “Letter of Intent” may also be eligible for the reduced sales loads. In a Letter of Intent, the investor expresses his or her intention, in writing, to invest a certain amount over a specified period of time. The Fund will then apply to each of the investor’s periodic investments the reduced sales load that would apply to the total amount stated in the Letter of Intent. The minimum initial investment under a Letter of Intent is \$50,000. If not stated otherwise in the Letter of Intent, the amount of shares you purchase in the Fund during the thirteen (13) months following the signing of the Letter of Intent qualify for the reduced sales load. The reduced sales load will not apply to purchases in the Fund made more than 90 days prior to the signing of the Letter of Intent. During the term of your Letter of Intent, the Transfer Agent will hold in escrow shares representing the highest applicable sales load for the Fund each time you make a purchase. Any shares you redeem during that period will count against your total amount stated in your Letter of Intent. If, by the end of the term of the Letter of Intent, you have purchased all the shares you committed to purchase in the Letter of Intent, the escrowed shares will be released to you. If you have not purchased all the shares you committed to purchase in the Letter of Intent, your escrowed shares will be redeemed in an amount equal to the sales load that would apply if you had purchased the actual amount in your account all at once. Any escrowed shares not needed to satisfy that sales load would be released to you.

Shareholders may include the value of certain related accounts, including accounts held by their spouse and children under the age of 21, family trust accounts of the investor and other accounts held by the investor to determine the applicable sales load and for purposes of the Right of Accumulation and Letter of Intent privileges. These privileges apply even if your related accounts are opened at different brokerage firms, so it is important to let your broker-dealer(s) or the Transfer Agent know about all your accounts that may be combined. To verify eligibility for a reduced sales load, your broker-dealer or the Fund may require that you submit copies of account statements to substantiate requests for Right of Accumulation and Letter of Intent privileges.

In addition to the Right of Accumulation and Letters of Intent, Class A shares are offered at net asset value without a sales load to the following types of investors: trustees and officers of the Fund, clients of the Adviser, employees of the Adviser (and members of their immediate families) and the Adviser and certain service providers of the Fund. As explained above, there also is no sales load at the time of purchase on investments of \$1 million or more in the Fund, but such purchases may be subject to a CDSC of 1.00% in the event of redemption within 12 months of purchase. See “CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares” below.

CDSC for Certain Purchases of Class A Shares. A CDSC is imposed upon certain redemptions of Class A shares purchased at net asset value in amounts totaling \$1 million if the dealer’s commission described above was paid by the underwriter and the shares are redeemed within one year from the date of purchase. The CDSC will be paid to the Distributor and will be equal to 1.00% of the lesser of (1) the net asset value at the time of purchase of the Class A shares being redeemed; or (2) the net asset value of such shares at the time of redemption. If your purchase of Class A shares is subject to the CDSC, you will be so

notified on the confirmation you receive for such purchase. A CDSC will not be imposed upon redemptions of Class A shares held for more than one year.

Class C shares. Class C shares are sold at net asset value without an initial sales load so that the full amount of your purchase payment may be immediately invested in the Fund. A CDSC of 1.00% will be imposed on redemptions of Class C shares made within one year of their purchase. The CDSC will be a percentage of the dollar amount of shares redeemed and will be assessed on an amount equal to the net asset value at the time of purchase of the Class C shares being redeemed. A CDSC will not be imposed upon redemptions of Class C shares held for more than one year. Class C shares are subject to an annual 12b-1 fee of up to 1.00% of the Fund's average daily net assets allocable to Class C shares.

Institutional Class shares. Institutional Class shares of the Fund are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge so that the full amount of your purchase payment may be immediately invested in the Fund. Institutional Class shares are available for investment only to institutional investors and certain broker-dealers and financial institutions that have entered into appropriate arrangements with the Fund. These arrangements are generally limited to discretionary managed, asset allocation, eligible retirement plan or wrap products offered by broker-dealers and financial institutions. Shareholders participating in these programs may be charged fees by their broker-dealer or financial institution.

Exchanging Shares

Shares of any class of the Fund generally may be exchanged for shares of the same class of any other Fund managed by the Adviser without paying a sales charge or a CDSC. Shares of any class of the Fund also may be acquired in exchange for shares of the same class of any other Fund managed by the Adviser without paying a sales charge or CDSC. You may make exchanges only between identically registered accounts (name(s), address, and TIN).

If an exchange results in opening a new account, you are subject to the applicable minimum investment requirement. All exchanges also are subject to the eligibility requirements of the Fund into which you are exchanging. The exchange privilege may be exercised only in those states where shares of the Fund may be legally sold. The Fund may also discontinue or modify the exchange privilege on a prospective basis at any time upon notice to shareholders in accordance with applicable law. For federal income tax purposes, an exchange of Fund shares for shares of another Fund is treated as a sale on which gain or loss may be recognized.

If a shareholder no longer meets the eligibility requirements for the shareholder's current share class, the Fund may, upon notice to the shareholder, convert the shareholder into a share class of the same Fund for which the shareholder is eligible.

Through Your Broker or other Financial Professional

Call your broker or other financial professional. Your broker or other financial professional can assist you in all the steps necessary to exchange shares. Your broker or financial professional may charge you for its services.

By Mail

Write a letter to request an exchange specifying the name of the fund from which you are exchanging, the registered account name(s) and address, the account number, the dollar amount or number of shares to be exchanged and the fund into which you are exchanging.

The request must be signed by all of the owners of the shares including the capacity in which they are signing, if appropriate.

Mail your request to:
M3Sixty Administration, LLC
4520 Main Street
Suite 1425
Kansas City, Missouri 64111

By Telephone

If you have authorized this service, you may exchange by telephone by calling (877) 244-6235.

If you make a telephone exchange request, you must furnish the name of the fund from which you are exchanging, the name and address of record of the registered owner, the account number and TIN, the dollar amount or number of shares to be exchanged, the fund into which you are exchanging, and the name of the person making the request.

Redeeming Shares

Regular Mail Redemptions. Regular mail redemption requests should be addressed to:

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund

c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC
4520 Main Street
Suite 1425
Kansas City, Missouri 64111

Regular mail redemption requests should include the following:

- (1) Your letter of instruction specifying the Fund, account number and number of Shares (or the dollar amount) to be redeemed. This request must be signed by all registered shareholders in the exact names in which they are registered;
- (2) Any required signature guarantees (see “Signature Guarantees” below); and
- (3) Other supporting legal documents, if required in the case of estates, trusts, guardianships, custodianships, corporations, pension or profit sharing plans, and other entities.

The Fund typically expects to pay redemption proceeds to redeeming shareholders within seven days after receipt of a redemption request. However, the Fund may delay forwarding a redemption check for recently purchased Shares while it determines whether the purchase payment will be honored. Such delay (which may take up to 10 days from the date of purchase) may be reduced or avoided if the purchase is made by certified check or wire transfer. In all cases, the net asset value next determined after receipt of the request for redemption will be used in processing the redemption request. The Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests through cash holdings or cash equivalents and expects to use cash holdings or cash equivalents on a regular basis. To the extent cash holdings or cash equivalents are not available to meet redemption

requests, the Fund will meet redemption requests by rebalancing its derivatives securities exposure. In addition, if the Trustees determine that it would be detrimental to the best interest of the Fund's remaining shareholders to make payment in cash, the Fund may pay redemption proceeds in whole or in part by a distribution-in-kind of readily marketable securities.

The Fund may suspend redemption, if permitted by the 1940 Act, for any period during which the NYSE is closed or during which trading is restricted by the SEC or if the SEC declares that an emergency exists. Redemptions may also be suspended during other periods permitted by the SEC for the protection of the Fund's shareholders. Additionally, during drastic economic and market changes, telephone redemption privileges may be difficult to implement.

Telephone and Bank Wire Redemptions. Unless you specifically decline the telephone transaction privileges on your account application, you may redeem Shares of the Fund by calling (877) 244-6235. The Fund may rely upon confirmation of redemption requests transmitted via facsimile at (816) 817-3267. The confirmation instructions must include the following:

- (1) Name of Fund;
- (2) Shareholder name(s) and account number;
- (3) Number of Shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- (4) Instructions for transmittal of redemption funds to the shareholder; and
- (5) Shareholder(s) signature(s) as it/they appear(s) on the application then on file with the Fund.

You can choose to have redemption proceeds mailed to you at your address of record, your financial institution, or to any other authorized person, or you can have the proceeds sent by wire transfer to your financial institution (\$5,000.00 minimum). The Fund in its discretion may choose to pass through to redeeming shareholders any charges imposed by the Fund's custodian for wire redemptions. If this cost is passed through to redeeming shareholders by the fund, the charge will be deducted automatically from your account by redemption of Shares in your account. Your bank or brokerage firm may also impose a charge for processing the wire. If wire transfer of funds is impossible or impractical, the redemption proceeds will be sent by mail to the designated account.

Redemption proceeds will only be sent to the financial institution account or person named in your Fund Shares Application currently on file with the Fund. Telephone redemption privileges authorize the Fund to act on telephone instructions from any person representing himself or herself to be the investor and reasonably believed by the Fund to be genuine. The Fund will not be liable for any losses due to fraudulent or unauthorized instructions nor for following telephone instructions provided that the Fund follows reasonable procedures to ensure instructions are genuine.

Minimum Account Size. Due to the relatively high cost of maintaining small accounts, the Fund reserves the right to liquidate a shareholder's account if, as a result of redemptions or transfers (but not required IRA distributions), the account's balance falls below the minimum initial investment required for your type of account (see "Minimum Initial Investment" above). The Fund will notify you if your account falls below the required minimum. If your account is not increased to the required level after a thirty (30) day cure period then the Fund may, at its discretion, liquidate the account.

Redemptions In Kind. The Fund does not intend, under normal circumstances, to redeem shares by payment in kind. It is possible, however, that conditions may arise in the future that would, in the opinion of the Trustees, make it undesirable for the Fund to pay for all redemptions in cash. In such cases, the Trustees may authorize payment to be made in readily marketable portfolio securities of the Fund. Securities delivered in payment of redemptions would be valued at the same value assigned to them in

computing the net asset value per share. Shareholders receiving them may incur brokerage costs when these securities are sold and will be subject to market risk until such securities are sold. An irrevocable election has been filed under Rule 18f-1 of the 1940 Act, wherein the Fund must pay redemptions in cash, rather than in kind, to any shareholder of record of the Fund who redeems during any 90-day period, the lesser of (a) \$250,000 or (b) 1% of the Fund's net asset value at the beginning of such period. Redemption requests in excess of this limit may be satisfied in cash or in kind at the Fund's election.

Signature Guarantees. To protect your account and the Fund from fraud, signature guarantees may be required to be sure that you are the person who has authorized a change in registration or standing instructions for your account. Signature guarantees are generally required for (i) change of registration requests; (ii) requests to establish or to change exchange privileges or telephone and bank wire redemption service other than through your initial account application; (iii) transactions where proceeds from redemptions, dividends, or distributions are sent to an address or financial institution differing from the address or financial institution of record; and (iv) redemption requests in excess of \$50,000. Signature guarantees are acceptable from a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, a savings and loan institution, credit union (if authorized under state law), registered broker-dealer, securities exchange, or association clearing agency and must appear on the written request for change of registration, establishment or change in exchange privileges, or redemption request.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS

Purchases and Redemptions through Securities Firms. The Fund has authorized one or more brokers to accept purchase and redemption orders on its behalf and such brokers are authorized to designate intermediaries to accept orders on behalf of the Fund. In addition, orders will be deemed to have been received by the Fund when an authorized broker, or broker-authorized designee, accepts the purchase order or receives the redemption order. Orders will be priced at the next calculation of the Fund's net asset value after the authorized broker or broker-authorized designee receives the orders. Investors may also be charged a fee by a broker or agent if Shares are purchased through a broker or agent. The Fund is not responsible for ensuring that a broker carries out its obligations. You should look to the broker through whom you wish to invest for specific instructions on how to purchase or redeem shares of the fund.

Telephone Purchases by Securities Firms. Brokerage firms that are Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") members may telephone M3Sixty at (877) 244-6235 and buy Shares for investors who have investments in the Fund through the brokerage firm's account with the Fund. By electing telephone purchase privileges, FINRA member firms, on behalf of themselves and their clients, agree that neither the Fund nor M3Sixty shall be liable for following telephone instructions reasonably believed to be genuine. To be sure telephone instructions are genuine, the Fund and its agents send written confirmations of transactions to the broker that initiated the telephone purchase. As a result of these and other policies, the FINRA member firms may bear the risk of any loss in the event of such a transaction. However, if M3Sixty fails to follow these established procedures, it may be liable. The Fund may modify or terminate these telephone privileges at any time.

Disruptive Trading and Market Timing. The Fund is not intended for or suitable for market timers, and market timers are discouraged from becoming investors. The ability of new shareholders to establish an account, or for existing shareholders to add to their accounts is subject to modification or limitation if the Fund determines, in its sole opinion, that the shareholder or potential shareholder has engaged in frequent purchases or redemptions that may be indicative of market timing or otherwise disruptive trading ("Disruptive Trading") which can have harmful effects for other shareholders. These risks and harmful effects include:

- an adverse effect on portfolio management, as determined by the Adviser in its sole discretion, such as causing the Fund to maintain a higher level of cash than would otherwise be the case, or causing the Fund to liquidate investments prematurely; and
- reducing returns to long-term shareholders through increased brokerage and administrative expenses.

In an effort to protect shareholders from Disruptive Trading, the Board has approved certain market timing policies and procedures. Under these market timing policies and procedures, the Fund may monitor trading activity by shareholders and take specific steps to prevent Disruptive Trading. In general, the Fund considers frequent roundtrip transactions in a shareholder account to constitute Disruptive Trading. A “roundtrip transaction” is one where a shareholder buys and then sells, or sells and then buys, Shares within 30 days. While there is no specific limit on roundtrip transactions, the Fund reserves the right to (i) refuse any purchase order; and/or (ii) restrict or terminate purchase privileges for shareholders or former shareholders, particularly in cases where the Fund determines that the shareholder or potential shareholder has engaged in more than one roundtrip transaction in the Fund within any rolling 30-day period.

In determining the frequency of roundtrip transactions, the Fund does not include purchases pursuant to dollar cost averaging or other similar programs, and the Fund will not count systematic withdrawals and/or automatic purchases, mandatory retirement distributions, and transactions initiated by a plan sponsor. The Fund will calculate roundtrip transactions at the shareholder level, and may contact a shareholder to request an explanation of any activity that the Fund suspects as Disruptive Trading.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Fund may also take action if a shareholder’s trading activity (evaluated based on roundtrip trading or otherwise) is deemed Disruptive Trading by the Fund, even if applicable Shares are held longer than 30 days. In addition, the Fund may, without prior notice, take whatever action it deems appropriate to comply with or take advantage of any state or federal regulatory requirement. The Fund also imposes an initial sales load and a CDSC on certain Shares, each of which has the effect of discouraging Disruptive Trading in Fund Shares.

The Fund cannot guarantee that its policies and procedures regarding market timing will be effective in detecting and deterring all Disruptive Trading.

Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings. A description of the Fund’s policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio securities is available in the Fund’s SAI.

OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Dividends, Distributions and Taxes

The following information is meant as a general summary for U.S. taxpayers. Additional tax information appears in the SAI. Shareholders should rely on their own tax advisors for advice about the particular federal, state and local tax consequences to them of investing in the Fund.

The Fund will distribute all or substantially all of its income and gains to its shareholders every year. Dividends paid by the Fund derived from net investment income, if any, will generally be paid annually and capital gains distributions, if any, will be made at least annually. Absent instructions to pay distributions in cash, distributions will be reinvested automatically in additional Shares (or fractions thereof) of the Fund. Although the Fund will not be taxed on amounts it distributes, shareholders will generally be taxed on distributions, regardless of whether distributions are paid by the Fund in cash or are reinvested in additional Fund shares.

A particular dividend distribution generally will be taxable as qualified dividend income, long-term capital gain or ordinary income. Qualified dividend income generally includes dividends paid by U.S. corporations and certain qualifying foreign corporations, provided the foreign corporation is not a passive foreign investment company. Any distribution resulting from such qualified dividend income received by the Fund will be designated as qualified dividend income. If the Fund designates a dividend distribution as qualified dividend income, it generally will be taxable to individual shareholders at the long-term capital gains tax rate provided certain holding period requirements are met. If the Fund designates a dividend distribution as a capital gains distribution, it generally will be taxable to shareholders as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long the shareholders have held their Fund shares. Short-term capital gains may be realized and any distribution resulting from such gains will be considered ordinary income for federal tax purposes. All taxable dividends paid by the Fund other than those designated as qualified dividend income or capital gain distributions will be taxable as ordinary income to shareholders.

Taxable distributions paid by the Fund to corporate shareholders will be taxed at corporate tax rates. Corporate shareholders may be entitled to a dividends received deduction (“DRD”) for a portion of the dividends paid and designated by the Fund as qualifying for the DRD.

If the Fund declares a dividend in October, November or December but pays it in January, it will be taxable to shareholders as if the dividend had been received in the year it was declared. Every year, each shareholder will receive a statement detailing the tax status of any Fund distributions for that year. Distributions may be subject to state and local taxes, as well as federal taxes.

In general, a shareholder who sells or redeems shares will realize a capital gain or loss, which will be long-term or short-term depending upon the shareholder’s holding period for the Fund shares. An exchange of shares may be treated as a sale and may be subject to tax.

As with all mutual funds, the Fund may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax at the fourth lowest rate for taxpayers filing as unmarried individuals (presently 28%) for all taxable distributions payable to shareholders who fail to provide the Fund with their correct taxpayer identification numbers or to make required certifications, or who have been notified by the IRS that they are subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax; rather, it is a way in which the IRS ensures it will collect taxes otherwise due. Any amounts withheld may be credited against a shareholder’s U.S. federal income tax liability.

At the time this prospectus was prepared, there were various legislative proposals under consideration that would amend the Internal Revenue Code. At this time, though, it is not possible to determine whether any of these proposals will become law and how these changes might affect the Fund or its shareholders.

Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors to ensure that distributions and sale of Fund shares are treated appropriately on their income tax returns.

Cost Basis Reporting. Federal law requires that mutual fund companies report their shareholders’ cost basis, gain/loss and holding period to the Internal Revenue Service on the Fund’s shareholders’ Consolidated Form 1099s when “covered” securities are sold. Covered securities are any regulated investment company and/or dividend reinvestment plan shares acquired on or after January 1, 2012. The Fund has chosen Average Cost as its default tax lot identification method for all shareholders. A tax lot identification method is the way the Fund will determine which specific shares are deemed to be sold when there are multiple purchases on different dates at differing net asset values, and the entire position is not sold at one time. The Fund’s standing tax lot identification method is the method covered shares will be reported on your Consolidated Form 1099 if you do not select a specific tax lot identification method. You

may choose a method different than the Fund's standing method and will be able to do so at the time of your purchase or upon the sale of covered shares. Please refer to the appropriate Internal Revenue Service regulations or consult your tax adviser with regard to your personal circumstances.

For those securities defined as "covered" under current Internal Revenue Service cost basis tax reporting regulations, the Fund is responsible for maintaining accurate cost basis and tax lot information for tax reporting purposes. The Fund is not responsible for the reliability or accuracy of the information for those securities that are not "covered." The Fund and its service providers do not provide tax advice. You should consult independent sources, which may include a tax professional, with respect to any decisions you may make with respect to choosing a tax lot identification method.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represents the rate an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund, assuming the reinvestment of all dividends and distributions. This information has been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd., the Fund's independent registered public accounting firm, whose reporting, along with the Fund's financial statements, is included in the annual report to shareholders for the fiscal period ended February 28, 2017, which may be obtained at no charge by calling the Fund.

The following table sets forth the per share operating performance data for a share of capital stock outstanding, total return ratios for average net assets and other supplemental data for the period indicated.

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund

	<u>Institutional Class</u>
	<u>For the</u>
	<u>Period Ended</u>
	<u>February 28, 2017 ^(a)</u>
Net Asset Value, Beginning of Period	\$ 10.00
Investment Operations:	
Net investment loss	(0.11)
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments, securities sold short and options	0.56
Total from investment operations	0.45
Distributions:	
From net realized capital gains	(0.07)
Total distributions	(0.07)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 10.38
Total Return ^(b)	4.51% ^(c)
Ratios/Supplemental Data	
Net assets, end of period (in 000's)	\$ 90,391
Ratios of expenses to average net assets: ^{(d) (f)}	1.52% ^(e)
Ratios of net investment loss to average net assets: ^{(d) (f)}	(1.24)% ^(e)
Portfolio turnover rate	0.00% ^(e)

(a) The IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund commenced operations on April 15, 2016.

(b) Total Return represents the rate that the investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the Fund, assuming reinvestment of dividends.

(c) Not annualized.

(d) The ratios include 0.06% of interest expense during the period ended February 28, 2017.

(e) Annualized.

(f) Ratios do not include expenses of the investment companies in which the Fund invests.

Privacy Notice

FACTS	WHAT DOES WP TRUST DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?	
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.	
What?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Social Security number ▪ Assets ▪ Retirement Assets ▪ Transaction History ▪ Checking Account Information ▪ Purchase History ▪ Account Balances ▪ Account Transactions ▪ Wire Transfer Instructions <p>When you are <i>no longer</i> our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p> <p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p>	
How?	All financial companies need to share your personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons WP Trust chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.	
Reasons we can share your personal information	Does WP Trust share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes – Such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes – to offer our products and services to you	No	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes– information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share

For our affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don't share
Questions?	Call (877) 244-6235	

Who we are	
Who is providing this notice?	WP Trust M3Sixty Administration, LLC (Administrator) Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC (Distributor)
What we do	
How does WP Trust protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.
How does WP Trust collect my personal information?	We collect your personal information, for example, when you <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Open an account ▪ Provide account information ▪ Give us your contact information ▪ Make deposits or withdrawals from your account ▪ Make a wire transfer ▪ Tell us where to send the money ▪ Tell us who receives the money ▪ Show your government-issued ID ▪ Show your driver's license We also collect your personal information from other companies.
Why can't I limit all sharing?	Federal law gives you the right to limit only <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness ▪ Affiliates from using your information to market to you ▪ Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you

	State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.
Definitions	
Affiliates	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>M3Sixty Administration, LLC and Matrix 360 Distributors, LLC could each be deemed to be an affiliate.</i>
Nonaffiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>WP Trust does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i>
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ <i>WP Trust does not jointly market.</i>

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund

The Fund's statement of additional information ("SAI") has been filed with the SEC. The SAI (which is incorporated in its entirety by reference in this Prospectus) contains additional information about the Fund.

To request a free copy of the SAI, the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports and other information about the Fund, or to make inquiries about the Fund, write the Fund c/o M3Sixty Administration, LLC, 4520 Main Street, Suite 1425, Kansas City, MO 64111 or call the Fund at (877) 244-6235. The SAI is also available on the Fund's website at www.investpsfunds.com.

Information about the Fund (including the SAI) can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's public reference room in Washington, D.C. Information about the operation of the public reference room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 1-202-551-8090. Reports and other information about Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, D.C. 20549-1520.

WP Trust Investment Company Act File Number: 811-23086

IPS Strategic Capital Absolute Return Fund

Class A Shares*

Class C Shares*

Institutional Class Shares (Ticker Symbol: IPSAX)

**a series of the
WP Trust**

**4520 Main Street, Suite 1425
Kansas City, MO 64111**

* Share class not presently offered for sale.